

**Third Statutory Review of Electoral
Arrangements**

East Lothian Council Area

Report to the Secretary of State for Scotland

Local Government Boundary Commission for Scotland

**Report Number E97001
November 1997**

Local Government Boundary Commission for Scotland

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East Lothian Council Area

Constitution of Commission

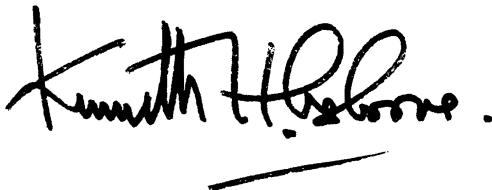
Chairman:	The Honourable Lord Osborne
Deputy Chairman:	Mr K J Clark CBE
Commissioners:	Dr E Graham
	Mr S McDowall CBE
	Mrs G Silver

The Rt. Hon Donald Dewar MP
Secretary of State for Scotland

We, the Local Government Boundary Commission for Scotland, present our proposals for the future electoral arrangements for East Lothian Council area resulting from our Third Statutory Review of all Scottish local authorities.

In accordance with the provisions of section 18(3) of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, copies of our report, together with illustrative maps, are being sent to East Lothian Council with a request that the report and maps should be made available for public inspection at their offices. In addition, copies of our report, without maps, are being sent to those who received a copy of our consultation letter or who have subsequently expressed an interest by making detailed representations in respect of our provisional proposals which were published on 7 February 1997.

Notice is also being given in newspapers circulating in the Council area of the fact that the report has been made so that interested persons may inspect the report and maps at the Council's Offices.



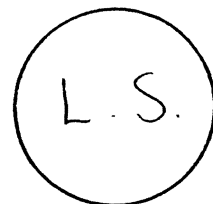
The Honourable Lord Osborne
Chairman
for Local Government Boundary Commission for Scotland



R Smith
Secretary

Local Government Boundary Commission for Scotland
3 Drumsheugh Gardens
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5 November 1997



Third Statutory Review of Electoral Arrangements East Lothian Council Area

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Third Statutory Review of Electoral Arrangements East Lothian Council Area

Introduction

1. The Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994 determined that on and after 1 April 1996, Scotland should be divided into local government areas as named and described in Schedule 1 to the Act and that, for each area, there should be a council consisting of a convener and councillors. It further determined that each council should have all the functions exercised immediately before 1 April in relation to their area by any existing regional, islands or district council.
2. On 1 April 1996 all local government areas existing immediately before that date which were regions and districts and all regional and district councils ceased to exist.
3. Schedule 2 of the Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994 also established that every local government area (other than areas of the old islands councils) should be divided into such electoral wards as may be specified in a direction made by the Secretary of State after carrying out such consultations as he considered appropriate. Those wards were to apply for the purpose of any election of councillors held before 'the relevant year of election' (defined as meaning the first year of ordinary election of councillors for the area in question occurring after the making of an order constituting the new electoral wards of that local government area in consequence of the review currently being undertaken by the Commission). In accordance with procedures that applied prior to the reorganisation in 1975, the views of councils were invited. Thereafter, the Secretary of State determined that, for the purpose of any election of councillors before the relevant year of election, 18 electoral wards were appropriate for East Lothian local government area. Additionally, the proposed wards should be as described in the report of the Local Government Boundary Commission for Scotland to the Secretary of State for Scotland on its second statutory review of electoral arrangements for East Lothian District dated 14 March 1994.

Origin and Commencement of the Review

4. The Commission has a statutory duty under section 14 of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 to undertake periodic reviews of local authority electoral arrangements. The Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994 amended section 20 and schedule 5 of the 1973 Act, directing that:

as soon as practicable after 1 April 1996, the Boundary Commission shall-

review the electoral arrangements for all local government areas for the purpose of considering the future electoral arrangements for those areas; and

formulate proposals for those arrangements.

5. This, therefore, is one of the statutory reviews required in terms of section 16(2) and Schedule 5 of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, as amended.
6. On 22 March 1996, the Scottish Office Development Department gave local authorities advance notice of the intention of the Commission to carry out a third statutory review of electoral arrangements. On 29 March 1996, we wrote to all councils to announce the commencement of the third statutory review of electoral arrangements and to explain the procedures to be followed. We also gave notice of the commencement of the review to all Community Councils, Electoral Registration Officers, Members of Parliament with a constituency interest and the Scottish headquarters of the political parties. In addition, public notice of the commencement of the review, which included an invitation to interested parties to apply to us for a copy of our consultation letter to councils, was given in newspapers.

Background

7. During the passage through Parliament of the 1994 Act, there was cross-Party understanding that we would review the number of councillors and boundaries of electoral wards for each council in time for changes to be implemented for the 1999 local elections. This was seen to be important because at the time of reorganisation, as mentioned above, the Secretary of State defined the electoral wards for the new councils and to a great extent based these on existing district wards. It was, however, recognised that using the existing district wards led to some councils being significantly over-represented in relation to other areas. Further, it also led to councillors within the same local authority areas representing wards with significantly different numbers of electors. Accordingly, our review was seen as important to ensure equity in representation across and within all local authorities. Further, the new authorities were now responsible for the provision of the full range of all services and, accordingly, consideration had to be given to determining an appropriate number of councillors for service provision to be effectively managed.
8. This review is, therefore, the first conducted by us which sets out to determine the appropriate number of councillors required for councils to operate efficiently and to establish the boundaries of electoral wards. To achieve both objectives our review was conducted in 2 main stages:

identification of a suitable methodology for determining numbers of councillors which, applied across all local authority areas, would be seen to be equitable and consistent; and

the division of each local authority area into the appropriate number of electoral wards in accordance with the statutory rules.

9. A copy of the statutory rules to be employed by us and the Secretary of State in considering proposals for electoral arrangements is provided at Appendix A

Number of Councillors

10. In formulating proposals for the number of councillors we have been guided by two main principles:

effective management of councils; and

equity amongst electors.

11. We recognised that the number of councillors is crucial because there is, undoubtedly, some number below which it would be impossible for a council to discharge its duty to deliver services to its population and, conversely, there is also some number above which a council becomes unwieldy and cumbersome. We were influenced in this respect by the prior considerations of two other bodies.
12. The Royal Commission on Local Government In Scotland 1966-69, under the Chairmanship of the Rt. Hon. Lord Wheatley, provided a basis by which the number of regional councillors and the size of constituency to be represented might be determined by taking into account the fact that population density varies widely in Scotland as a whole and within regions. The then accepted view was that council size should not generally exceed 75 members. In England and Wales the Redcliffe-Maude Commission, which reported to Parliament in 1969, also drew attention to the management problems of large councils and endorsed the recommendation of The Committee on the Management of Local Government that a maximum number of 75 councillors should be set.
13. After careful consideration we concluded that, in the Scottish context and to provide additional flexibility, an upper limit of 80 councillors should be set. We also concluded that a minimum number of councillors should be set, recognising that even the smallest local government areas are now responsible for a wide range of functions. Accordingly, we decided that the minimum number of councillors should be 18. Further, these limits should apply to all councils.
14. Regarding equity as between voters, we considered that ideally each elector's vote should possess the same weight and significance in local government elections throughout the country; furthermore, ideally, there should be similar mutual accessibility between electors and councillors. However, since Scotland is a country of great diversity, both geographically, and demographically, a fact

reflected in the areas for which councils created by the Act of 1994 are responsible, and since we are satisfied that, in the interests of good local government, the number of councillors in any council must fall within certain limits, we concluded that these ideals are unattainable in practice. In this situation, recognising that a fair degree of homogeneity exists within certain groups of councils, which exhibit broadly similar geographic and demographic characteristics, we resolved to strive for equity in the senses mentioned within these groups, so far as that is possible within the constraints of the legislation under which we operate.

15. We, therefore, proposed a methodology which initially categorised council areas by density and distribution of population using data available from the 1991 Census of Population. Having classified council areas according to these criteria and adjusted the ratio of electors to each councillor to take account of similar characteristics, we have been able to achieve a broad equity of electorate across and within all council areas.
16. In our letter of 29 March 1996, all councils were informed of the proposed methodology and future pattern of representation for their council area. Councils were requested to make any representations they wished on numbers of councillors by 29 April 1996 so that a meeting could be arranged with the Deputy Chairman and Secretary to discuss the pattern of representation and any matters regarding our review that the Council wished to raise. Following visits to all councils by the Deputy Chairman and Secretary to discuss the proposed methodology and to consider alternatives which could be applied across Scotland, no alternative methodologies were offered but a number of councils suggested that the underlying classification should be amended to include an additional category.
17. At our meeting of 17 June 1996, we re-examined the criteria to be used to categorise mainland councils with similar characteristics in light of the representations made by a number of councils. We concluded that there should be 6 rather than 5 categories. The final categorisation of similar mainland councils was then agreed as follows:
 - Category 1 Large Cities Glasgow and Edinburgh.
 - Category 2 Cities Aberdeen and Dundee.
 - Category 3 Authorities with less than 60% of the population living outwith settlements of 10,000 or more persons **AND** an overall population density of one person or more per hectare.
 - Category 4 Authorities with **EITHER** 60% or more of the population living outwith settlements of 10,000 or more persons **OR** an overall population density of less than one person per hectare.

- Category 5 Authorities with 60% or more of the population living outwith settlements of 10,000 or more persons **AND** an overall population density of less than one person per hectare.
- Category 6 Authorities with 60% or more of the population living outwith settlements of 10,000 or more persons **AND** an overall population density of less than 0.2 persons per hectare.

18. In addition to the 6 categories we then determined the ratio of councillors to electorate for mainland councils that would allow for efficient management and appropriate representation, as set out in paragraphs 11 - 14 above, and considered that the following would be appropriate:

- | | |
|--------------|---------|
| • Category 1 | 1:6,000 |
| • Category 2 | 1:4,000 |
| • Category 3 | 1:3,500 |
| • Category 4 | 1:3,000 |
| • Category 5 | 1:2,500 |
| • Category 6 | 1:2,000 |

19. On 20 June 1996 we wrote to all mainland councils informing them of the revised criteria for determining councillor numbers and inviting them to prepare a draft scheme of electoral arrangements for their Council area. Following upon that, Aberdeen City Council brought a petition for Judicial Review of the decision taken by us at our meeting of 17 June, 1996 in the Court of Session. In it they sought a decree of declarator that that decision in relation to them was unlawful, ultra vires and null and void; they also sought a decree of reduction of the decision in relation to them and certain ancillary remedies. We resisted this petition, which was dismissed by the Court on 20 December 1996 after a hearing.

20. We considered the ratio of councillors to electors for the 3 islands councils at our meeting of 26 August 1996 and concluded that the appropriate ratio would be 1:750. On 28 August 1996 we wrote to these councils informing them of our decision.

21. On 4 July 1996, East Lothian Council noted the level of representation for their area and confirmed that they would submit a draft scheme of electoral arrangements for 23 wards by 30 September 1996.

East Lothian Council's Proposals

22. The Council submitted a scheme of electoral arrangements for 23 wards on 24 September 1996. In preparing their scheme the Council consulted their Community Councils and correspondence relevant to this initial consultation was made available to us. The Council advertised their scheme in local newspapers on 27 September 1996. Interested parties were invited to view proposals at the

Council Building in Haddington and at all local offices and libraries. The Council asked that representations on the proposals should be made directly to us.

23. Only one representation, from Gullane Area Community Council, was received and East Lothian Council was invited to comment on the proposal to amend the boundary between Wards 15 and 20 to include the Village of Drem in Ward 15. In effect, the proposed change sought to re-align the boundary of Ward 15 with the boundary of the Community Council area. East Lothian Council commented that, while it was sympathetic towards the proposal, it would not wish to change the boundary because of the adverse impact on electoral parity. The scheme which they had prepared had given due regard to local ties, transportation links, school catchments and existing Community Council areas. Further, East Lothian Council noted that 'the Scheme of Community Councils for East Lothian area will be unaffected by the review of electoral arrangements but can and, no doubt, will be, considered for review once the outcome of the review of electoral arrangements is known'.
24. In considering the detail of the Council's scheme, we recognised that the wards proposed fulfilled the principle of achieving, as far as practicable, electoral parity across the Council area and that the boundaries followed strong, readily identifiable lines.
25. We concluded, therefore, that the proposal by Gullane Area Community Council should not be accepted because of the adverse impact it would have on the Council's overall scheme with regard to electoral parity. Accordingly, we agreed that the Council's draft scheme should be adopted without modification and advertised as our own provisional proposals.

Publication of Commission's Provisional Proposals

26. Public notice was given of the publication of our provisional proposals on 7 February 1997. East Lothian Council was asked to make copies of the electoral ward boundary descriptions, electoral statistics and illustrative maps available for inspection at their offices. Additionally, copies of our proposals were sent to all who had received our consultation letter or had expressed an interest. We asked that any comments should be made to us by 7 March 1997.

Consideration of Representations

27. Two letters were received:
 - **Gifford Community Council** wrote to say that it had no comment to make on our provisional proposals.
 - **Cockenzie and Port Seton Community Council** stated that all Community Councillors present at their meeting on 4 March 1997 'were

very unhappy that the eastmost part of Cockenzie and Port Seton Ward (Ward 9) would now be included in the Longniddry Ward (Ward 10)'. East Lothian Council was consulted and concluded that including the whole of Port Seton within Ward 9 would have involved the transfer of a substantial number of electors from Ward 10, thereby creating unacceptably high divergence from electoral parity in both wards. Accordingly, given the emphasis placed upon electoral parity by the Schedule 6 rules, we were unable to accept the alteration proposed by the Community Council.

Final Recommendation

28. Having conducted the third statutory review of electoral arrangements for East Lothian Council area in accordance with the procedures described above, we **recommend** that future electoral arrangements for the said Council should provide for a Council of 23 members.
29. The designation of the electoral wards that we recommend for East Lothian Council, together with information which we have received from the Council as to the 1996 electorate and forecast 2001 electorate of the proposed wards are set out at Appendix B to this report.
30. The boundaries of the proposed electoral wards are described in Appendix C and the following illustrative maps accompany this report:

Map	Area	Scale
A	East Lothian Council	1:50,000
B	Dunbar	1:10,000
C	Haddington	1:10,000
D	Musselburgh	1:10,000
E	North Berwick	1:10,000
F	Prestonpans & Cockenzie	1:10,000
G	Tranent	1:10,000

**Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973: Schedule 6
(As amended by the Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994)
Rules to be Observed in Considering Electoral Arrangements**

1. (1) This Schedule applies to the consideration by the Secretary of State or the Boundary Commission of the electoral arrangements for election of councillors of local government areas.
 - (2) Having regard to any change in the number or distribution of electors of a local government area likely to take place within the period of five years immediately following the consideration, the number of local government electors shall be, as nearly as may be, the same in every electoral area of that local government area.
 - (3) Subject to sub-paragraph (2) above, in considering the electoral arrangements referred to in sub-paragraph (1) above regard shall be had to-
 - (a) the desirability of fixing boundaries which are and will remain easily identifiable;
 - (b) any local ties which would be broken by the fixing of any particular boundary.
2. The strict application of the rule stated in paragraph 1(2) above may be departed from in any area where special geographical conditions appear to render a departure desirable.

East Lothian Council Area Proposed Electoral Wards

Number	Name	Electorate	
		1996 (Actual)	2001 (Estimated)
a	b	c	d
1	Musselburgh West	3,042	3,240
2	Musselburgh South	3,301	3,301
3	Musselburgh North	3,128	3,128
4	Musselburgh Central	3,160	3,160
5	Musselburgh East	2,910	3,260
6	Wallyford/Whitecraig	2,906	3,365
7	Prestonpans West	2,759	3,021
8	Prestopans East	2,941	3,343
9	Cockenzie and Port Seton	2,880	3,369
10	Longniddry	3,300	3,300
11	Tranent West	3,039	3,168
12	Tranent/Macmerry	2,699	3,033
13	Tranent/Elphinstone	2,757	3,107
14	Ormiston/Pencaitland	3,134	3,185
15	Aberlady/Gullane/Dirleton	3,220	3,343
16	Haddington West/Saltoun	2,860	3,206
17	Haddington Central	2,905	3,083
18	Haddington East/Athelstaneford	3,338	3,355
19	East Linton/Gifford	3,048	3,193
20	North Berwick West	2,876	3,201
21	North Berwick East	2,896	3,131
22	Dunbar/West Barns	3,261	3,333
23	Dunbar East	2,896	3,305
Total		69,256	74,130

**East Lothian Council Area
Proposed Electoral Wards
Descriptions of Boundaries**

Notes:

In the following description of boundaries:

- ♦ a reference to a road, footpath, railway line, river, burn or canal shall, where the context so admits, be construed as the centre line of the feature concerned; and

- ♦ the following abbreviations are used:

EW for Electoral Ward

NG Ref for National Grid
Reference as published on
Ordnance Survey Maps.

**Ward 1
Musselburgh West**

Commencing at NG Ref NT 3273 7308 on the western boundary of East Lothian Council area and the confluence with the Brunstane Burn; then generally southeastward along the centre line of Edinburgh Road, North High Street and Bridge Street to New Bridge; then southwestward along the centre line of the River Esk to a point in line with Eskview Crescent; then northwestward to and along the centre line of Eskview Crescent to Stoneyhill Farm Road; then generally southwestward along the centre line of Stoneyhill Farm Road, Stoneyhill Avenue and Stoneybank Gardens to Clayknowes Crescent; then southwestward and southeastward along the centre line of Clayknowes Crescent to Whitehill Farm Road; then generally southwestward along the centre line of Whitehill Farm Road and Mucklets Road to the western boundary of East Lothian Council area; then generally northeastward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

**Ward 2
Musselburgh South**

Commencing at NG Ref NT 3235 7118 on the western boundary of East Lothian Council where it meets the southern boundary of EW 1; then generally northeastward, northwestward, northeastward and southwestward along the said EW boundary to the River Esk; then generally southward, northeastward and southwestward along the centre line of the

River Esk to the Edinburgh to London Railway Line; then northwestward and southwestward along the centre line of the Millerhill railway branch to the western boundary of the East Lothian Council area; then generally northward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

**Ward 3
Musselburgh North**

Commencing at NG Ref NT 3297 7347 on the northern boundary of East Lothian Council area; then generally northeastward along the said boundary to a point in line with the mouth of the River Esk; then southward to and along the centre line of the River Esk to a point in line with the unnamed track leading to Balcarres Road; then eastward along the said track and southward along the centre line of Balcarres Road to the junction with Millhill; then eastward along the centre line of Millhill to and southwestward along the centre line of Linkfield Road and High Street to New Bridge and the northern boundary of EW 1; then generally northwestward along the said EW boundary to the western boundary of the East Lothian Council area; then northeastward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

**Ward 4
Musselburgh Central**

Commencing at NG Ref NT 3443 7117 on the eastern boundary of EW 2 at the point where the Edinburgh to London Railway Line crosses the River Esk at Monktonhall Junction; then northeastward, northwestward, southwestward and northward along the said boundary to the eastern boundary of EW 1; then northeastward along the said EW boundary to the southern boundary of EW 3; then northeastward along the said EW to the eastern curtilage of Seton House, Loretto School; then southeastward along the eastern curtilage of Seton House, Loretto School to and directly southward along the eastern side of the belt of trees located to the west of the icehouse in the grounds of Pinkie St Peters Primary School to the centre line of Pinkie Road; then northeastward along the centre line of Pinkie Road; then southeastward along the rear curtilages of the houses to the east of Pinkie Terrace to the electrical sub-station; then southeastward along the unnamed track leading to the Edinburgh to London Railway Line; then westward along the centre line of the said railway to the point of commencement.

Ward 5

Musselburgh East

Commencing at NG Ref NT 3457 7434 on the northern boundary of EW 3 at a point in line with the mouth of the River Esk; then generally southeastward along the northern boundary of the East Lothian Council area to NG Ref NT 3640 7367; then generally southward to the track leading from Ravensheugh Road in Westpans; then eastward along the said track to Ravensheugh Road; then southwestward along the centre line of Ravensheugh Road to a point in line with the track leading to Ravensheugh Bridge; then northeastward along the said track to a point in line with the eastern boundary of Beggars Bush House; then generally southeastward and southwestward along the eastern, southern and western curtilages of Beggars Bush House to the unnamed burn leading to Haddington Road; then southward along the centre line of the said burn to the centre line of Haddington Road; then generally southeastward along the centre line of Haddington Road to Wallyford Toll Roundabout; then southwestward along the Edinburgh to London Railway Line to the eastern boundary of EW 4; then generally northwestward along the said EW boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 6

Wallyford/Whitecraig

Commencing at NG Ref NT 3303 7010 on the western boundary of the East Lothian Council area where it meets the southern boundary of EW 2; then generally northward and eastward along the said EW boundary to and northeastward along the southern boundaries of EW 4 and EW 5 to Wallyford Toll Roundabout; then eastward along the centre line of the A199 road to the point it crosses the A1(T) road; then generally eastward along the centre line of the unclassified road leading to Lammermoor Terrace to the junction with the unclassified road leading to Falside Castle; then generally southwestward along the said road to Falside Castle; then southeastward and eastward along the unclassified road leading to Ephinstone to the point where it crosses Harry's Burn; then southwestward along the said burn and southeastward along the line of field boundaries to and continuing southeastward along the track leading to the Bellyford Burn to the southern boundary of East Lothian Council area; then southwestward and northwestward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 7

Prestonpans West

Commencing at NG Ref NT 3640 7367 on the northern boundary of EW 5; then generally northeastward along the northern boundary of the East Lothian Council area to a point in line with the junction of Pypers Wynd and High Street; then southeastward to and southwestward along High Street to Harlaw Hill; then southwestward along Harlaw Hill to and southwestward along Kirk Street to Ayres Wynd; then southeastward along Ayres Wynd and West Loan to Preston Road; then eastward along Preston Road to and southeastward along the centre line of Station Road and the continuation thereof to the Edinburgh to London Railway Line; then northeastward along the said railway to and generally southeastward and southwestward along the eastern and southern curtilages of Col. Gardeners House at Bankton to Johnnie Cope Road; then southwestward along Johnnie Cope Road to the A1(T) road; then southwestward along the A1(T) road to the northern boundary of EW 6; then southwestward along the said EW boundary to the eastern boundary of EW 5; then generally northwestward, northeastward, westward and northward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 8

Prestonpans East

Commencing at NG Ref NT 3890 7487 on the northern boundary of EW 7; then generally northeastward along the northern boundary of the East Lothian Council area to a point in line with the coal conveyor belt; then generally southeastward to and southeastward and eastward along the line of the coal conveyor belt to the B6371 road; then southward along the centre line of the B6371 road; then southward along the A198 road to its junction with the A1(T) road; then southwestward along the A1(T) road to the eastern boundary of EW 7; then generally northeastward, northwestward and northeastward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 9

Cockenzie and Port Seton

Commencing at NG Ref NT 3933 7544 on the northern boundary of EW 8; then generally northeastward along the northern boundary of the East Lothian Council area to a point in line with Links Walk; then southward to and

southeastward along Links Walk to and along the rear and southern curtilages of the houses of Links Place to Castle Walk; then southwestward to and along Castle Walk to Fishergate Road; then southeastward along Fishergate Road to the A198 road; then southwestward along the A198 road to the eastern boundary of EW 8; then generally northward, westward and northwestward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 10 Longniddry

Commencing at NG Ref NT 4108 7622 on the northern boundary of EW 9; then generally northeastward along the northern boundary of the East Lothian Council area to a point in line with path leading to the west of Gosford House; then southeastward to and along the path and the line of the driveway around Gosford House to Redhouse Lodge; then eastward along the B1377 road to the junction with the unnamed road leading to Coates Farm; then southeastward along the said road to and westward along the unnamed road leading to Setonhill Cottages; then continuing southwestward to Cantyhall Bridge; then northwestward along Canty Loan to the southern carriageway of the A198 road; then southwestward along the said road to the southern boundary of EW 9; then generally northwestward, northeastward, northwestward, northeastward and northwestward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 11 Tranent West

Commencing at NG Ref NT 3855 7284 on the southern boundary of EW 7 where the A199 road crosses the A1(T) road; then northeastward along the said boundary to and continuing northeastward along the southern boundary of EW 8 to the junction of the A1(T) road and the A198 road; then generally southwestward and southeastward along Church Street to High Street; then southeastward along High Street to the junction with Ormiston Road; then generally southeastward along Ormiston Road to its junction with Balwearie Road; then generally southwestward along Balwearie Road to and southwestward along the unnamed path leading to Lammerview; then northwestward along Lammerview to the perimeter fence running along the southern curtilages of the properties located in Muirside Drive; then southwestward

along the said fence to and northwestward along the northern curtilage of West Windygoul Farm; then northwestward along West Windygoul Road to and southwestward along Elphinstone Road and the B6414 road to the junction with the access road leading to Fleets Industrial Estate; then northwestward along the line of a field boundary and the continuation thereof to the unnamed farm track; then northwestward along the said track to the eastern boundary of EW 6; then generally northeastward and westward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 12 Tranent/Macmerry

Commencing at NG Ref NT 4060 7431 where the eastern boundary of EW 8 meets the southern boundary of EW 9; then northeastward along the southern boundaries of EWs 9 and 10 to the unnamed road leading to Trabroun Farm; then southeastward along the said road to the A1 road; then southwestward along the said road to Gladsmuir; then southward along the unnamed road leading to Hopefield; then southward along the said road to a point in line with the northern boundary of Butherdean Plantation; then southwestward along the northern and western boundaries of the said plantation to the path leading to the B6363 road; then westward along the said path to the B6363 road; then southeastward and westward along the said road and continuing westward along field boundaries to the unnamed track leading to Macmerry; then northward along the said track and southwestward along the said unnamed track leading to Wintonfield House to the junction with the track leading to the A199 road; then northward along the said unnamed track to the A199 road; then generally northwestward along the A199 (Haddington Road) to its junction at Ormiston Road where it meets the eastern boundary of EW 11; then generally westward, northward and northeastward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 13 Tranent/Elphinstone

Commencing at NG Ref NT 3877 6928 on the southern boundary of East Lothian Council where it meets the eastern boundary of EW 6; then generally northwestward, northeastward, northwestward and northeastward along the said EW boundary to the western boundary of

EW 11; then generally southeastward along the said boundary and southeastward, northeastward and northwestward along the southern and eastern boundaries of EW 11 to the western boundary of EW 12; then southeastward along the said EW boundary to the junction of the unnamed roads leading to Macmerry and the B6355 road; then westward along the unnamed path leading to the B6355 road and continuing southwestward along the unnamed track to the Pencaitland Railway walk; then southwestward along the north side of Pencaitland Railway walk to the western boundary of East Lothian Council area; then generally northwestward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 14 Ormiston/Pencaitland

Commencing at NG Ref NT 3953 6925 on the southern boundary of EW 13; then generally northeastward along the said EW boundary to the southern boundary of EW 12; then eastward along the said boundary to and eastward and southwestward along the unnamed path through Walk Plantation to the B6355 road; then southeastward along the said road to and northeastward along the northern curtilages of the buildings to the south of the B6363 road; then southward along field boundary to and northeastward along the A6093 road to a point in line with field boundaries at NG Ref NT 4544 6908; then generally southeastward along the line of the field boundaries to the River Tyne; then generally southward along the said river to the unnamed road at Saltoun Bridge; then southwestward along the said road to the B6371 road; then southward along the said road to the point where it crosses the Kinchie Burn; then generally southwestward along the said burn to the western boundary of East Lothian Council area; then generally northwestward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 15 Aberlady/Gullane/Dirleton

Commencing at NG Ref NT 4389 7892 on the northern boundary of EW 10; then generally northeastward and eastward along the northern boundary of East Lothian Council area to NG Ref NT 5224 8578; then southward to and along the path leading to the A198 road west of Invereil House; then southwestward along the A198 road to and southeastward along the unnamed road leading to Kingston Cottages as

far as the Mill Burn; then generally southwestward along the said burn to its confluence with the Peffer Burn; then southeastward along Peffer Burn to and southwestward along the drain north of Coldhame Wood to the unnamed track leading to the B1377 road; then southward along the said track to the B1377 road; then southwestward along the said road to the eastern boundary of EW 10 at Redhouse Lodge; then generally northwestward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 16 Haddington West/Saltoun

Commencing at NG Ref NT 4144 6508 on the southern boundary of EW 14 northwest of Dodridge Farm; then northeastward and northwestward along the southern and eastern boundaries of the said EW to the southern boundary of EW 12; then eastward, northwestward, northeastward and northwestward along the southern and eastern boundaries of EW 12 to the southern boundary of EW 10; then eastward along the said EW boundary to the line of field boundaries north of Coates Farm; then eastward along the said field boundaries to the unnamed track running northward from Coates Farm; then northeastward along the track to the A6137 road; then southeastward along the said road to and eastward along the B1343 road to the unnamed road leading to the A1(T) road; then southward along the said unnamed road passing Hopetoun Monument and continuing southward on the centre line of the unnamed road to the A1(T) road; then westward along the centre line of the A1(T) road and Haldane Avenue to its junction with Hospital Road; then generally southeastward along the said road to and along Hopetoun Drive; then southward along Hope Park (A6137); then southwestward along the A6093 road through Knox Place and Rosehall; then southward along the unnamed track to the Mill Lade; then generally northeastward along Mill Lade to and along the River Tyne to the point where it is crossed by the B6368 road at Waterloo Bridge; then southeastward along the line of the said road to its junction with the B6369 road; then southward, northeastward and southeastward along the B6369 road to the junction with the unnamed road leading to Morham; then eastward along the unnamed road to the Bearford Burn; then southwestward along the said burn to the most southerly path leading through Colstoun Wood; then southwestward along the said path and continuing

southwestward along the path leading to Ewelie Wood; then generally southeastward along the line of a path leading to Colstoun Water; then southeastward along the Coulston Water to and southwestward along the Beugh Burn and Newhall Burn to Bankhead Bridge; then southwestward along the unnamed road leading to Marvingston passing to the east of Marvingston; then southeastward and southward on the road leading to Longnewton; then southwestward along the unnamed road leading to Kidlaw passing to the east of Kidlaw; then southward along the centre line of the unnamed track leading to the west of Priest Law; then directly southward to join the Cowie Burn at NG Ref NT 5143 6151; then eastward along the Cowie Burn to the southern boundary of East Lothian Council area; then southwestward and northwestward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 17 Haddington Central

Commencing at NG Ref NT 5158 7455 at the junction of the A1(T) road and the unnamed road to Garelton; then southward along the unnamed road and continuing southward along Dunbar Road, Hardgate, Sidegate and Poldrate to the River Tyne and the eastern boundary of EW 16; then generally southwestward, northeastward, northwestward and northeastward along the said EW boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 18 Haddington East/Athelstaneford

Commencing at NG Ref NT 4650 7710 on the southern boundary of EW 15 near Redhouse Lodge; then northeastward along the southern boundary of the said EW and continuing along the B1377 road to and eastward along the Edinburgh to London Railway Line to a point in line with Fortoun Bank; then southwestward to and along an unnamed track leading to Sunnyside Strip; then southwestward along the northern boundary of Sunnyside Strip to the path leading to the eastern curtilage of East Fortune Airfield; then northwestward along the said path to and southwestward along the path following the said curtilage to the southern curtilage of East Fortune Airfield; then southwestward along the southern curtilage to the track east of Gilmerton House; then southward along the said track to the unnamed road leading to Beanston Mains; then eastward and southward along the said road leading to Beanston Mains; then eastward and southward

around the northern and eastern curtilages of the said property to and eastward and southward along the unnamed road leading to the A1(T) road to its junction with the said road; then southeastward in a straight line along the line of field boundaries to the River Tyne; then northeastward along the said river to and then generally southwestward along the line of field boundaries to a point on the road leading from Coldale to Coldale Bridge in line with the access road leading to Northrig; then northwestward along the line of the road from Coldale to Coldale Bridge to the point where it crosses the Bearford Burn; then southwestward along the line of the Bearford Burn to the eastern boundary of EW 16; then generally northwestward along the said boundary and continuing northwestward along the eastern boundary of EW 17 to rejoin the eastern boundary of EW 16; then northwestward and southwestward along the eastern and northern boundaries of the said EW to the point of commencement.

Ward 19 East Linton/Gifford

Commencing at NG Ref NT 5580 7957 at the road bridge over the Edinburgh to London Railway Line at East Fortune Station; then generally eastward along the line of the B1377 road to and eastward along the unnamed track leading to Ashfield House; then southeastward along the western curtilage of the wooded area at Ashfield House to the line of the unnamed burn; then generally eastward along the said unnamed burn to and along the Peffer Burn to the northern bank of the unnamed loch; then northeastward along the said bank to and southeastward along the line of the unnamed track leading to the East Lodge of Newbyth; then southward along the line of the unnamed road leading to the B1407 road; then northeastward along the said road to and southeastward along the line of the unnamed road leading to Knowes Mill; then southwestward along the River Tyne to a point in line with the eastern curtilage of the wooded strip located on the northern side of the A1(T) road west of Knowes; then southward along the said curtilage to and eastward along the Edinburgh to London Railway Line to the unnamed road leading to South Lodge of Biel; then southeastward along the said road to and eastward along the unnamed track leading to Biel following the southern curtilage of Biel; then continuing southeastward along the unnamed track leading to Pitcox; then generally northeastward and southeastward

following the northern and eastern curtilage of Pitcox to and eastward along the unnamed road leading to Pleasants; then generally southward along the line of field boundaries to the unnamed road leading to Pitcox; then southward along the said road to Bennetts Burn; then westward along Bennetts Burn to and generally southward along the line of field boundaries to Rottonraw Burn; then southwestward along Rottonraw Burn and continuing southward to the Mossy Burn; then generally southward along Mossy Burn to the eastern boundary of East Lothian Council area; then generally southward and westward along the said boundary to the eastern boundary of EW 16 at Cowie Burn; then generally northeastward along the said EW boundary to the eastern boundary of EW 18; then generally northeastward along the said EW boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 20 North Berwick West

Commencing at NG Ref NT 5224 8578 on the northern boundary of EW 15; then generally eastward along the northern boundary of East Lothian Council area to a point in line with Market Place at NG Ref NT 5524 8554; then southward to and along Market Place and Law Road (B1347 road); then southwestward and southward along Haddington Road; then westward and southward along the said road to and continuing southward along the unnamed track leading to Rockville; then southeastward, southwestward and northwestward along the eastern, southern and western curtilages of the said property to the unnamed track leading to Congalton Cottages; then southwestward, southward, southwestward and southeastward along the said track to the unnamed road leading to Brownrigg; then southward along the said road to and continuing generally southwestward by line of field boundaries to the northern boundary of EW 18; then southwestward along the said EW boundary to the western boundary of EW 15; then generally northwestward, northeastward and northward along the said boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 21 North Berwick East

Commencing at NG Ref NT 5524 8554 on the northern boundary of EW 20; then generally southeastward along the northern boundary of East Lothian Council area to NG Ref NT 6442 8089 taking in the islands of Craigeith and

Bass Rock; then southwestward to and along the centre line of the River Tyne to a point in line with the track known as Ware Road; then westward to and along Ware Road to the A198 road; then southward along the said road to the A1(T) road; then westward along the said road to and southward along the unnamed track leading to Biellmill to the northern boundary of EW 19; then generally westward and northwestward along the said EW boundary to the northern boundary of EW 18; then westward along the said EW boundary to the eastern boundary of EW 20; then northward along said EW boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 22 Dunbar/West Barns

Commencing at NG Ref NT 6442 8089 on the northeastern boundary of EW 21; then eastward along the northern boundary of East Lothian Council area to a point in line with the western curtilage of Lauderdale House at NG Ref NT 6774 7930; then southeastward to and along the western curtilage of Lauderdale House; then southeastward along the High Street to and southwestward along Countess Road; then southward along the centre line of Station Road to the Edinburgh to London Railway Line; then generally southwestward along the said railway line to the eastern boundary of EW 21; then northwestward and northeastward along the said EW boundary to the point of commencement.

Ward 23 Dunbar East

Commencing at NG Ref NT 6774 7930 on the northern boundary of EW 22; then southeastward along the northern boundary of East Lothian Council area to the easternmost point of the said boundary; then southwestward and northwestward along the eastern boundary of East Lothian Council area to the eastern boundary of area of EW 19; then generally northward and northwestward along said EW boundary to the southern boundary of EW 22; then generally northeastward and northwestward along the southern and eastern boundaries of the said EW to the point of commencement.