



Local Government Boundary Commission for Scotland

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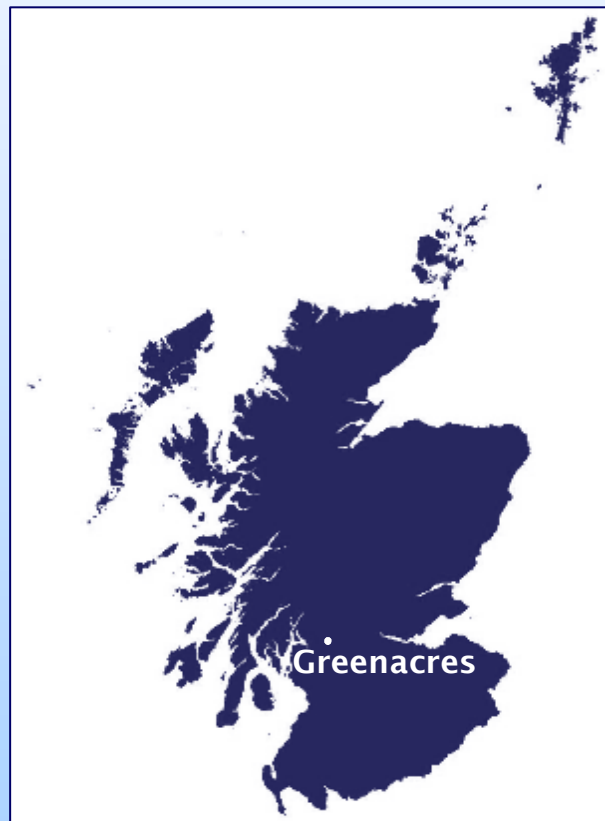
Administrative Boundary Review

East Dunbartonshire council area and

Glasgow City council area

at

Princes Gate and Greenacres by Robroyston



Report to Scottish Ministers

Report number: A10001

March 2010



Local Government Boundary Commission for Scotland

ADMINISTRATIVE BOUNDARY REVIEW:

EAST DUNBARTONSHIRE and GLASGOW CITY COUNCIL AREAS at PRINCES GATE and GREENACRES

Membership of the Commission:

Chairman: Peter Mackay CB
Deputy Chairman: William Magee OBE
Commissioners: Brian D Clark MBE
Kenneth McDonald
Paula Sharp



The Scottish Ministers

On behalf of the Local Government Boundary Commission for Scotland, we present the Commission's report on a review of the administrative area boundary between East Dunbartonshire council area and Glasgow City council area at Princes Gate and Greenacres by Robroyston, which has been undertaken in compliance with the Ministerial Direction of 5 March 2008 made under section 15(3) of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973.

In accordance with the provisions of section 18(3) of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, copies of the report and illustrative maps are being sent to East Dunbartonshire Council and Glasgow City Council with a request that the report should be made available for public inspection at their offices. The same set of information is being sent to locations such as libraries in the area to be made available for public inspection. Copies of the report are being sent to those to whom we sent our Provisional Proposals, and notification of our recommendations is being sent to those who made representations in respect of our Provisional Proposals. The report can also be found on the Commission's website: www.lgbc-scotland.gov.uk .

Notice is also being given in newspapers circulating in the affected area of the fact that the report has been made so that interested persons may inspect the report at the Councils' offices.

Peter Mackay
Chairman

Hugh Buchanan
Secretary

For the Local Government Boundary Commission for Scotland

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3 Drumsheugh Gardens
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12 March 2010





Local Government Boundary Commission for Scotland

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Introduction

1. This is the report on a review conducted by the Local Government Boundary Commission for Scotland into the local authority boundary between East Dunbartonshire council area and Glasgow City council area at Princes Gate and Greenacres, both by Robroyston.
2. Princes Gate and Greenacres are adjacent areas of housing, situated on the southern side of Auchinairn Road between Bishopbriggs and Robroyston. Greenacres lies wholly within Glasgow City council area. The smaller and more recent Princes Gate development lies mostly within East Dunbartonshire council area and is divided by the boundary considered by this review.
3. The Local Government Boundary Commission for Scotland was established under the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, and is responsible for making recommendations to Scottish Ministers for changes to local authority areas or their electoral arrangements in the interests of effective and convenient local government.
4. This review has been undertaken by the Commission through powers granted by the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, as amended.

Origin and Commencement of the Review

5. The existing boundary between East Dunbartonshire council area and Glasgow City council area was established by the Local Government etc. (Scotland) Act 1994, which created the current unitary local authorities.
6. In March 2002, a property developer requested a review of the administrative area boundary at Greenacres, by Robroyston, having obtained planning consent to construct residential properties that would straddle the boundary. At its meeting of April 2002, the Commission concluded that consideration of a proposal for an administrative review on the basis of allocation of land for development was inappropriate, and that a review could not take place until the site was fully developed and the positions of buildings and other infrastructure were fixed and could be verified on the ground. Indications that planning permission had been granted and development of the site was authorised were not sufficient to enable the Commission to proceed to review.
7. At that time, a Ministerial Direction that restricted reviews to those that potentially directly affected no more than 50 electors was in force. That Direction and an identical successor continued in force until March 2008. A new Ministerial Direction was issued with effect from April 2008. This enables the Commission to conduct reviews of



local authority areas that potentially directly affect no more than 300 electors.

8. The Commission concluded at its meeting on 16 December 2008 that a review should be undertaken, since the buildings and roads in the area of development were, by then, sufficiently complete to give the Commission certainty about their location, access and connectivity, and because the current boundary:
 - runs through a supermarket and 3 houses, and the gardens of a further 13 houses;
 - results in an area of housing in one local authority area only having vehicular access through another local authority area; and
 - does not follow any distinctive ground features.

Commission's Initial Proposals

9. In November 2008, the Secretariat visited the area, and held informal discussions with officials from East Dunbartonshire Council and Glasgow City Council in order to understand their views of the situation.
10. At its meeting on 16 December 2008, the Commission agreed its Initial Proposals for the area: realignment of the administrative boundary between National Grid references NS 625 694 and NS 637 701 with the centre of Auchinairn Road as a clear and robust boundary, so that the supermarket, an area of farmland and the areas of housing known as Greenacres and Princes Gate would lie wholly in Glasgow City council area.
11. The electoral register of December 2007 indicated that the Initial Proposals would move 95 electors from East Dunbartonshire council area to Glasgow City council area.
12. In accordance with the requirement of Section 18(2) of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, the Commission wrote to East Dunbartonshire Council and Glasgow City Council in January 2009 and asked for their views on its Initial Proposals for the area. Glasgow City Council replied in February 2009; East Dunbartonshire Council replied in early March 2009, but this was overtaken by a further response in early April 2009.
13. Glasgow City Council supported the Commission's Initial Proposals, except for the use of the road centre line for the proposed boundary. Both councils expressed concern about the adoption of the centre of Auchinairn Road as a bounding feature, considering that it would lead to operational difficulties in regard to street cleaning, lighting and roads maintenance. Glasgow City Council did not express a



preference for which council area Auchinairn Road itself should be located in.

14. East Dunbartonshire Council objected to the Initial Proposals because of the transfer of affordable housing land, effects on residents' entitlement to access East Dunbartonshire education services, and Council Tax increases for those residents. It suggested 4 alternative boundaries:

- one that would follow the eastwardly course of the Wallace Well Burn to the south of Greenacres;
- one that would follow the northern curtilages of the supermarket and Princes Gate;
- one that would follow the southern curtilage of Auchinairn Road, skirting the southern curtilage of Wester Lumloch Cottage; and
- one that would follow the southern curtilage of the supermarket and affordable housing land, the northern curtilage of Brookfields Drive and the rear fences of properties in Princes Gate.

15. Upon consideration of the Councils' submissions at its meeting on 15 April 2009, the Commission concluded that the Initial Proposals should be published as its Provisional Proposals for change in the area, subject to adoption of the southern curtilage of Auchinairn Road as the proposed boundary in place of the road centreline.

16. During the consultation with the two Councils on the Initial Proposals, the Secretariat received many representations from members of the public and others with an interest in the area. These representations were duly considered by the Commission along with all others received in response to the subsequent public consultation on the Commission's Provisional Proposals.

Publication of Provisional Proposals

17. Public notice of the Commission's Provisional Proposals was given on 14 May 2009 in the following newspapers, as agreed with the local authorities concerned: The Herald, Evening Times, The Glaswegian and the Kirkintilloch and Bishopbriggs Herald.

18. East Dunbartonshire Council and Glasgow City Council were asked to make copies of the Provisional Proposals and illustrative maps available for inspection at agreed locations. Additionally, copies of the proposals were sent to the City Assessor and Electoral Registration Officer of Glasgow City, the Assessor and Electoral Registration Officer of the Dunbartonshire and Argyll and Bute Valuation Joint Board, MPs and MSPs for the affected area, Scottish headquarters of political parties, representatives of local community councils, Strathclyde Police, Strathclyde Fire and Rescue Service, Greater Glasgow Health Board, Scottish Natural Heritage, Scottish Environmental Protection



Agency, Link Housing Association and councillors of the affected area. The Commission asked that any comments be made to it by 6 August 2009.

19. A news release was issued, and the Provisional Proposals and supporting information were made available through the Commission's website.
20. The Commission wrote to the Chief Executives of both affected councils to request that local schools and associated Parent Councils and Parent Teacher Associations were made aware of the consultation. Both councils were asked to publish notice of the consultation on their websites.
21. Although not part of its usual procedure, the Commission wrote directly to registered electors near to the existing boundary in Greenacres, Princes Gate and Wester Lumloch, to raise awareness of the consultation. Notice of the proposals was also sent to the supermarket.
22. The electoral register of December 2008 was used to ascertain that the Provisional Proposals would result in the transfer of 99 electors from East Dunbartonshire council area to Glasgow City council area.
23. In June 2009, the Secretariat met with a representative of the local constituency MSP, councillors and a resident and to discuss the process employed by the Commission in conducting administrative area boundary reviews.
24. In July 2009, East Dunbartonshire Council requested an extension to the public consultation period to enable further consultation with local residents and consideration by its relevant committee after the Council's summer recess period. The Commission agreed to extend the consultation period until 31 August 2009, and posted news of this on its website.

Representations on Provisional Proposals

25. Around 70 representations were received prior to the launch of the public consultation; over 140 representations and 1 petition containing over 1000 signatures were received in response to the public consultation on the Commission's Provisional Proposals.
26. Glasgow City Council made no response to the public consultation on the Commission's Provisional Proposals for the area.
27. East Dunbartonshire Council opposed the proposals. It stressed the importance of the affordable housing proposals for Whitelands in



meeting local housing need and the necessity of its financial involvement in the project. It stated that Princes Gate residents who currently attend East Dunbartonshire schools may have to resort to placing requests in future years, and that some residents currently rely on particular specialist educational and social work services. It asked the Commission to have regard to National Outcome NO10 ("we live in well-designed, sustainable places where we are able to access the amenities and services we need") and NO11 ("we have strong, resilient and supportive communities where people take responsibility for their own actions and how they affect others"). The Council considered that the boundary realignment would have regrettable consequences for residents, which could have been largely avoided if the review had been conducted in 2002. It considered the Princes Gate development as being sufficiently distinct to provide a suitable visual boundary marker in the area, and suggested an alternative revised boundary.

28. Ms Jo Swinson MP (East Dunbartonshire) considered that the law had been retrospectively applied in this review, which, she considered, should have been undertaken in 2002. She stated that the current boundary is not causing any problem to local government, residents or elected representatives, and that no convincing case had been made for this change. She supported the status quo. Ms Swinson stated that East Dunbartonshire Council would lose the land earmarked for affordable housing with severe consequences.
29. Ross Finnie MSP (West of Scotland region) also considered the Commission to be retrospectively applying the provisions of the section 15(3) Ministerial Direction issued in March 2008. He stated that the review should have been conducted in 2002. He asked the Commission to redraw the boundary to the south of Princes Gate to minimise change, and called for a Local Inquiry.
30. Stewart Maxwell MSP (West of Scotland region) considered that, after the Commission declined to conduct a boundary review in 2002, it was unfair to revisit this decision once financial transactions have taken place.
31. David Whitton MSP (Strathkelvin and Bearsden) stated that East Dunbartonshire has a need for affordable housing, and that suitable land is scarce. He expressed concern about the impact the proposals would have on the primary education of Princes Gate children, and the possible disruption to longstanding arrangements for special needs' and other services provision to some children in the area. Mr Whitton stated that refuse collection in the area takes place on a different day from that of the rest of the estate, and mentioned that road gritting and green space management in the area "falls between two stools". He considered that the best solution is to move four properties from Glasgow City council area into East Dunbartonshire council area. He



also suggested that the status quo could be maintained, or that eight properties in Princes Gate that currently lie within Glasgow City council area could be transferred to within East Dunbartonshire council area.

32. Jackson Carlaw MSP (West of Scotland region) stated that many residents have built up strong ties with East Dunbartonshire Council and the services it provides. He stated that the proposals would necessitate changes in services and, where not provided by Glasgow City, the termination of them. Mr Carlaw highlighted the concern among residents about the impact of the proposals on education. He expressed concern about possible disruption to special needs' service provision. Mr Carlaw acknowledged the current boundary's anomalies, but considered that, to address them in the way proposed, would ignore the disruption to residents for little, if any, benefit. He suggested that the Commission should hold a Local Inquiry.
33. Stuart McMillan MSP (West of Scotland region) considered that the Commission is trying to solve a problem that does not exist. He expressed concern at the possible transfer of the affordable housing land from East Dunbartonshire, and considered that if it is not possible for the Council to fulfil its duty with regard to this site, then it will not be fulfilling its duties of good governance. Mr McMillan considered that the effects of the proposed changes would reach into the wider community and may sever community links between Bishopbriggs and residents of Princes Gate, which, he considered, would be detrimental to both parties. Because the Commission declined to conduct a review of the area in 2002, he considered that it was unfair to revisit the Commission's decision of 2002 once financial transactions have taken place.
34. Paul Martin MSP (Glasgow Springburn) stated that, since his election to parliament in 1999, he has received no representations from constituents concerning the location of the current boundary, and is unaware of any major operational difficulties faced by Glasgow City Council in servicing the current boundary. He stated that he is in favour of retaining the current boundary, and opposes any proposal that would result in the transfer of properties to the East Dunbartonshire council area.
35. Fourteen East Dunbartonshire councillors made representations. The councillors were from all of the political parties represented on the Council. They maintained that the loss of an affordable housing site is of concern. They opposed any further loss of population in East Dunbartonshire. They asserted that East Dunbartonshire Council already provides effective and convenient local government in the Princes Gate area. One councillor considered the realignment of the boundary unnecessary, given the small number of properties involved. Another councillor stated that the proposals do not comply with, and



indeed jeopardize, the Scottish Government's National Outcomes. He pointed out that some residents rely on specific and specialized local authority services. He considered it inappropriate to divide Wester Lumloch, stating that to do so would create another anomaly similar to the one the Commission hopes to solve through its proposals. Some councillors stressed that many residents are part of the Bishopbriggs community. There was widespread support from councillors for East Dunbartonshire Council's alternative suggestion for the boundary. A councillor considered that adoption of the proposals would result in the severing of community links and disruption of council services. He noted that neither council nor any resident of the area requested the review, and thus suggested that the Commission is trying to solve a problem that does not exist.

36. Bishopbriggs Community Council stressed the contribution that residents make to the social and cultural life of East Dunbartonshire, and considered that the proposed change would be disruptive to the education or care of some residents that are currently supported by complex educational and welfare support systems.
37. Tam Baillie, the Scottish Commissioner for Children and Young People, urged the Commission to consider the impact a change to the boundary would have on the children and young people living there, and asked that consideration be given to the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child, but did not indicate in what way any proposals the Commission might make would impinge on such rights. He enquired about contingency plans to ensure the continuity of care packages, should the boundary revision go ahead.
38. East Dunbartonshire Constituency Labour Party considered that the proposals would cause upheaval and uncertainty for local residents, would compound the affordable housing shortage in the area, and would have a negative financial impact on East Dunbartonshire Council and its ability to deliver services through the loss of council tax income.
39. Representations were received from many schools' Parent Councils and Associations in East Dunbartonshire. The issues raised included: disruption of links between parishes and faith schools; there should be a public inquiry; the review should have been conducted in 2002; local residents are a part of the Bishopbriggs community; some residents rely on specific, specialist services.
40. The head teacher of a local faith school stated that losing Princes Gate from the school's catchment area would have a detrimental effect on the future roll of the school and a resultant effect on funding and possibly staffing. He, along with local church representatives, expressed concern about the potential disruption to links between pupils of Princes Gate and their parish.



41. Many representations were received from local residents and members of the public, objecting to the proposals. Many respondents stressed that Princes Gate residents are part of the Bishopbriggs community and that adoption of the proposals would be disruptive to existing ties in the community. A number of representations stated that children's education would be disrupted. Most respondents already considered the local government of the area to be effective and convenient. Examples cited of the inconvenience that would be created by adoption of the proposals included disruption to established childcare arrangements, and different holidays and in-service days taken by schools in each local authority area. A few respondents raised the issue of services' carbon footprints. Some respondents pointed out that access to areas via another local authority's roads occurred. A few respondents highlighted East Dunbartonshire's need for more affordable housing. Some residents stated that the links between parishes and faith schools could be disrupted. A few respondents considered that the Princes Gate area was visually distinctive. Some respondents stated that the likely increase in educational placing requests to East Dunbartonshire Council would be a source of inconvenience. Some residents stated that their ability to influence their local environment through their elected representatives would be lost. Many respondents called for a public inquiry. Some respondents insisted that the Commission must comply with the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child, but did not indicate how such rights might be affected by the Commission's proposals. Some respondents considered the review to be premature, because the roads within Princes Gate had not yet been adopted, and because the affordable housing had not been constructed. Many respondents considered the review to be retrospective application of the Ministerial Direction currently in force. Some respondents considered the review to be a waste of taxpayers' resources. Many respondents considered that the review should have been undertaken in 2002. One respondent expressed concern that, were his property to be transferred to Glasgow City council area, he would lose the right to purchase a lair in a cemetery where other family members were interred. Some respondents stated that Glasgow City Council has no services in the area. Of concern to many respondents was that Princes Gate residents would no longer be able to use East Dunbartonshire Council services, should the proposals be implemented. In particular, some vulnerable residents may lose access to specific health and welfare services that are unavailable in Glasgow City council area. Many respondents stated support for the status quo, and considered that, if the boundary did require to be realigned, it should trace the southern edge of Princes Gate rather than that of Auchinairn Road. Other respondents suggested that only those parts of the existing boundary that dissects properties should be realigned.



42. Upon consideration of the representations at its meeting of 13 October 2009, the Commission decided to publish Revised Recommendations for realignment of the boundary in the area. They were that it should follow:
- the northern curtilage of the supermarket, to preserve the existing licensing arrangements;
 - the southern edge of the land proposed for affordable housing, to enable the continuation of existing proposals;
 - the northern curtilage of Brookfield Drive and the boundary fences of properties in and near Princes Gate, in the absence of evidence indicating difficulties in the provision of effective and convenient local government to Princes Gate;
 - Auchinairn Road, to provide a robust and enduring visually identifiable boundary; and
 - the southern curtilage of that road to enable effective and convenient management and maintenance of the road.

Publication of Revised Recommendations

43. Public notice of the Commission's Revised Recommendations was given on 29 October 2009 in the same newspapers as those used for the Provisional Proposals.
44. East Dunbartonshire Council and Glasgow City Council were asked to make copies of the Revised Recommendations and illustrative maps available for inspection at the same locations as before. Copies of the Revised Recommendations were sent to recipients of the Provisional Proposals. The Commission asked that any comments be made to it by 28 January 2010.
45. A news release was issued, and the Revised Recommendations and supporting information were made available through the Commission's website.
46. The Commission wrote to the Chief Executives of both affected councils to request that local schools and associated Parent Councils and Parent Teacher Associations were made aware of the consultation. Both councils were asked to publish notice of the consultation on their websites.
47. The Commission wrote again to registered electors near to the boundary in Greenacres, Princes Gate and Wester Lumloch, to raise awareness of the further consultation.
48. The electoral register of December 2008 was used to ascertain that the Revised Recommendations would result in the transfer of 14



electors from Glasgow City council area to East Dunbartonshire council area.

Representations on Revised Recommendations

49. Over 50 representations were received in response to the public consultation on the Commission's Revised Recommendations.
50. Representations were overwhelmingly in favour of the Revised Recommendations, particularly in regard to Princes Gate. The few objections received related to the use of the southern curtilage of Auchinairn Road in the Wester Lumloch area as a boundary, which would result in two farm buildings and a cottage on the southern side of Auchinairn Road being transferred to Glasgow City council area.
51. East Dunbartonshire Council supported the Commission's Revised Recommendations for the supermarket and the area of housing. The Council continued to support an alternative boundary for the vicinity of Wester Lumloch: one that would lie south of the cottage and farm steading on the southern side of Auchinairn Road.
52. Glasgow City Council considered that the Revised Recommendations maintained a complex system of service delivery in and around Princes Gate, referring back to its support for the Initial Proposals, and to the Commission's recent recommendations for Cardowan, by Steps (LGBCS report A09001, March 2009) where a complete housing development had been kept together. However, the Council acknowledged residents' concerns about housing choices, and, to minimize inconvenience for those residents, did not formally object.
53. A representation was received from Jo Swinson MP (East Dunbartonshire), who expressed support for the Revised Recommendations.
54. MSPs Jackson Carlaw (West of Scotland region), Ross Finnie (West of Scotland region), Annabel Goldie (West of Scotland region) and David Whitton (Strathkelvin and Bearsden) expressed support for the Revised Recommendations.
55. East Dunbartonshire councillors wrote in support of the Revised Recommendations, in particular for the Princes Gate area. One councillor maintained his objections to the recommendations for the Wester Lumloch area.
56. Local residents and members of the public wrote in support of the Revised Recommendations. Registered electors from most properties that would be transferred through the recommendations expressed support: none objected.



57. In addition to East Dunbartonshire Council and a local councillor, a local resident and the resident of Wester Lumloch Cottage objected to the proposals for the boundary in the vicinity of Wester Lumloch Cottage and farm steading, preferring instead the status quo.

Conclusions

58. The Commission carefully considered all of the representations received and concluded that it should adopt its Revised Recommendations as its Final Recommendations for the boundary between East Dunbartonshire and Glasgow City council areas at Princes Gate and Greenacres by Robroyston.

59. In this report, the Commission has used the electoral register of December 2008, which shows that the recommendations would move 14 electors from Glasgow City council area to East Dunbartonshire council area.

60. The Commission makes its recommendations on the grounds that the proposed revision to the boundary will rectify the anomalous situation whereby properties straddle the existing boundary between East Dunbartonshire and Glasgow City council areas, by locating the Princes Gate development within East Dunbartonshire council area, and the supermarket within Glasgow City council area. They also place a farm steading, an area of farmland and one residence in Glasgow City council area by moving from an indistinct boundary to an easily identified and robust line on the edge of Auchinairn Road. The Commission further considers that its recommendations improve upon the existing situation by producing a well-defined and sustainable boundary, and enabling more effective and convenient local government in the area.

61. The number of electors recommended for transfer is small in relation to the total number of electors in the two affected wards. Therefore, the Commission has concluded that, beyond consequential amendments to ward boundaries to follow the amended administrative boundary, no further changes to these wards are necessary.

Final Recommendations

62. The Commission recommends that the hatched areas shown on the map at Appendix A and marked G1, G2 and G3 which are described at Appendix B, should be transferred from East Dunbartonshire council area to Glasgow City council area, and the hatched areas shown on the map at Appendix A and marked E1 and E2 which are described at

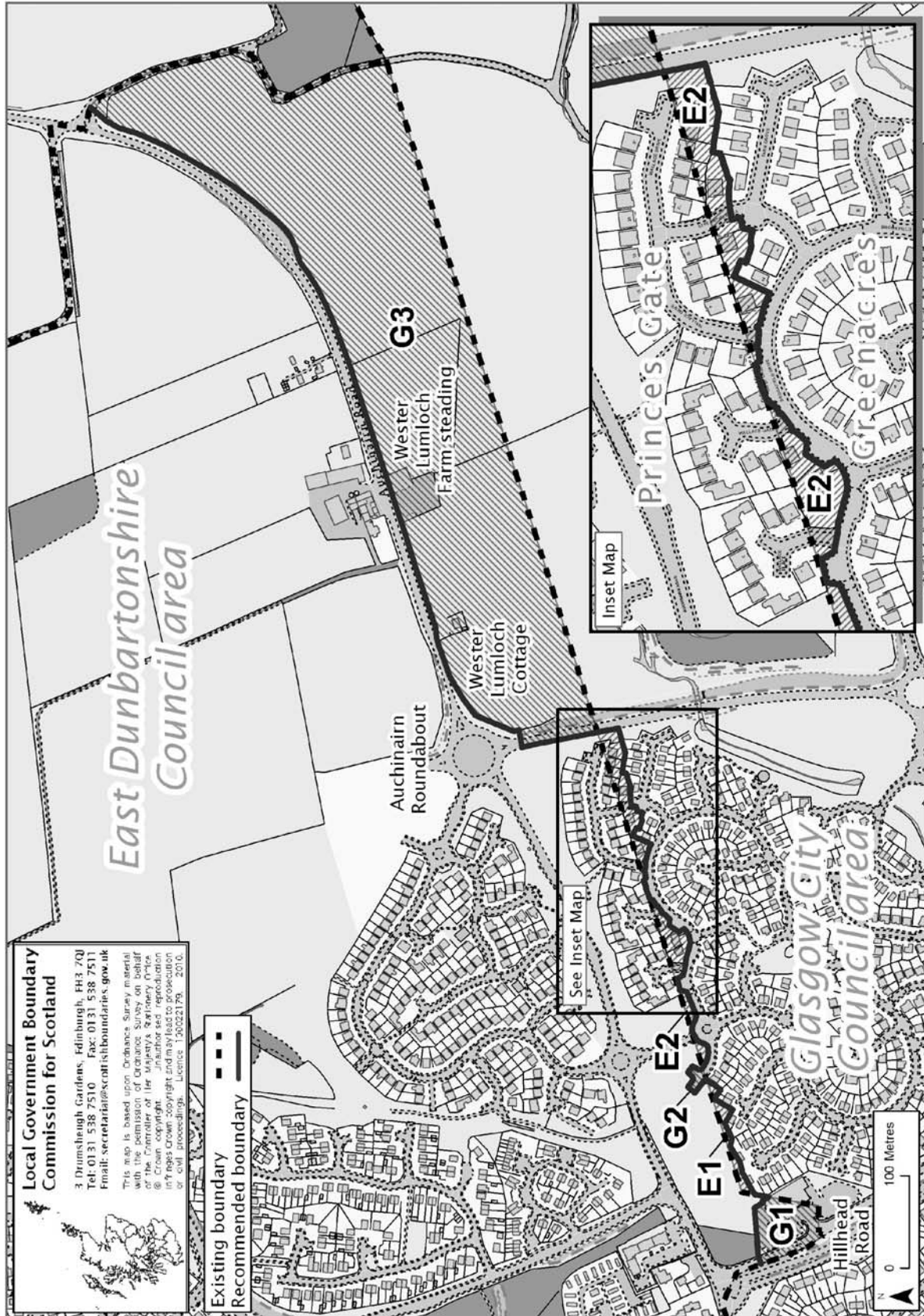


Appendix B, should be transferred from Glasgow City council area to East Dunbartonshire council area.

63. Area E1 comprises a small area of open ground north of the curtilage of properties in Greenacres. Area E2 comprises a number of houses in Princes Gate, and their curtilages. Area G1 comprises the part of the supermarket on Hillhead Road, and its curtilage, which currently lies in East Dunbartonshire council area. Area G2 comprises the small part of Brookfield Road which currently lies in East Dunbartonshire council area. Area G3 comprises an area of fields, Wester Lumloch Cottage and part of the steading of Wester Lumloch farm, all to the south of Auchinairn Road.
64. The Commission also recommends that, as a consequence of the transfer, alterations should be made to the electoral wards of East Dunbartonshire Council and Glasgow City Council as specified in Appendix C. The areas labelled E1, G1 and G2 contain no electors. The areas E2 and G3 contain 16 electors and 2 electors respectively.



Appendix A: Map illustrating the areas recommended for transfer





Appendix B: Description of the areas recommended for transfer

Area G1:

The area bounded by the line commencing on the existing boundary on the western edge of Hillhead Road at grid reference NS 6253 6940, continuing generally eastwards along the northern curtilage of the supermarket on Hillhead Road, then south-eastwards along its eastern curtilage to rejoin the existing boundary, and then following the existing boundary southwards, westwards, then northwards to the point of commencement.

Area G2:

The area bounded by the line commencing where the existing boundary intersects the northern curtilage of 9 Brookfield Road at grid reference NS 6273 6946, continuing north-eastwards along the curtilage of 9 Brookfield Road until reaching the western curtilage of Brookfield Road, then north-westwards and eastwards around the northern curtilage of Brookfield Road to rejoin the existing boundary on the eastern edge of Brookfield Road, and then following the existing boundary westwards to the point of commencement.

Area G3:

The area bounded by the line commencing on the existing boundary at the western curtilage of the unnamed road lying to the east of Princes Gate at grid reference NS 6310 6957, continuing northwards along the western curtilage of the road until reaching the southern edge of Auchinairn roundabout; then across the carriageway and generally north-eastwards along the southern curtilage of Auchinairn Road until meeting the existing boundary at the junction of Auchinairn Road and Robroyston Road, and then following the existing boundary southwards and westwards to the point of commencement.

Area E1:

The area bounded by the line commencing where the existing boundary meets the northern curtilage of 21 Waterhaughs Grove at grid reference NS 6261 6940, continuing along the northern curtilages of the properties in Waterhaughs Grove, Waterhaughs Gardens and Brookfield Road until reaching the existing boundary at the northern curtilage of 9 Brookfield Road, and then following the existing boundary generally westwards to the point of commencement.

**Area E2:**

The area bounded by the line commencing on the existing boundary on the eastern curtilage of Brookfield Road at grid reference NS 6274 6946, continuing generally north-eastwards along the northern curtilage of Brookfield Road, the northern curtilage of the roundabout at the junction of Brookfield Road, Brookfield Avenue and Brookfield Drive, and the northern curtilage of Brookfield Drive until reaching the southern tip of the bounding fence between 2 Wallace Drive and 44 Brookfield Drive; then following the northern bounding fences of 44 Brookfield Drive and 3 Streamfield Lea until reaching the western curtilage of Streamfield Lea, northwards along that curtilage for a few metres then across the carriageway to the bounding fence between 6 and 8 Streamfield Lea, then following the rear fences of the properties on the northern side of Tarn Grove, until reaching the western curtilage of the unnamed road to the east of Princes Gate; then northwards along the curtilage until meeting the existing boundary, and then following the existing boundary generally westwards to the point of commencement.

A digitized description of the boundary in the form of GIS shapefiles has been securely stored on magnetic media at the date of publication of our report.



Appendix C: Consequential alterations to electoral wards

Consequential alterations to ward 6 (Bishopbriggs South) of East Dunbartonshire Council and ward 21 (North East) of Glasgow City Council

Council	Electoral ward	proposed alteration	electorate at December 2008		
			before	change	after
East Dunbartonshire	6 Bishopbriggs South	Referring to the map at Appendix A: the hatched areas marked E1 and E2 shall be added to this ward, and the hatched areas marked G1, G2 and G3 shall be removed from this ward.	9,366	+14	9,380
Glasgow City	21 North East	Referring to the map at Appendix A: the hatched areas marked G1, G2 and G3 shall be added to this ward, and the hatched areas marked E1 and E2 shall be removed from this ward.	23,672	-14	23,658

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